

## 1. Black Body radiation problem:

Ratio of Power = $\left(\frac{4400}{6400}\right)^4 = 0.22$ , or 22%	comparison of wavelength peaks: $\lambda = \frac{a}{T} = \begin{cases} \frac{2.898 \times 10^{-3}}{4400} = 6586 \text{ } \text{\AA} \\ \frac{2.898 \times 10^{-3}}{6400} = 4528 \text{ } \text{\AA} \end{cases}$
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2. We see the solar corona (white light from the solar surface, reflected by electrons in the hot solar atmosphere)

- a) the glare from the photosphere goes away, so the relatively faint light reflected by the corona becomes visible,
- b) the background from our own atmosphere (sky-shine) decreases

3. Pressure = force/area = weight of the atmosphere/area = mass \* gravity/area  
take:

$$g_{\text{earth}} = 10, \quad g_{\text{sun}} = 300 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ (30 times earth).}$$

$$\text{Mass}_{\text{solar}} = 2.1 \times 10^{19}, \quad \text{Mass}_{\text{earth}} = 5.29 \times 10^{18},$$

$$R_{\odot} = 6.96 \times 10^8 \text{ m}; \quad \text{solar surface area} = 4\pi R_{\odot}^2,$$

$$R_{\oplus} = 6.37 \times 10^6 \text{ m}; \quad \text{earth surface area} = 4\pi R_{\oplus}^2,$$

$$\text{Earth: pressure} = \frac{10 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \bullet 5.3 \times 10^{18} \text{ kg}}{4\pi (6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m})^2} = \frac{5.3 \times 10^{19}}{5.2 \times 10^{14}} = 1.0 \times 10^5 \frac{\text{Newtons}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\text{Sun: pressure} = \frac{300 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \bullet 2.1 \times 10^{19} \text{ kg}}{4\pi (7 \times 10^8 \text{ m})^2} = \frac{6.3 \times 10^{21}}{6.2 \times 10^{18}} = 1.0 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{Newtons}}{\text{m}^2}$$

The ratio is 1:100.

## 4. Change in energy density:

$$\text{Energy Density} = \frac{B^2}{2\mu_0} = \frac{0.3^2}{2 \bullet 1.26 \times 10^{-6}} = 35.8 \times 10^3 \frac{\text{Joules}}{\text{m}^3}$$

$$\text{Energy} = \text{Energy Density} \bullet \text{volume} = 35.8 \times 10^3 \bullet (10^7)^3 = 3.6 \times 10^{25} \text{ Joules}$$

If a portion of this energy is converted into heat (in the plasma), the decrease

$$\text{of } 1.0 \times 10^{25} \text{ is a percentage decrease of } 100 \frac{1}{3.6} = 28\%$$

5. It looks like 1.5 million degrees comes the closest

